

العنوان: علاقة إدمان الانترنت بالانحراف الاجتماعي : دراسة ميدانية على مرتادي مقاهي

الانترنت في الاردن

المؤلف الرئيسي: الصرايرة، ولاء عبدالفتاح

مؤلفین آخرین: الوریکات، عاید عواد(مشرف)

التاريخ الميلادي: 2010

موقع: الكرك

الصفحات: 133 - 1

رقم MD: 785835

نوع المحتوى: رسائل جامعية

اللغة: Arabic

الدرجة العلمية: رسالة دكتوراه

الجامعة: جامعة مؤتة

الكلية: عمادة الدراسات العليا

الدولة: الاردن

قواعد المعلومات: Dissertations

مواضيع: ادمان الانترنت، الانحراف الاجتماعي، مقاهي الانترنت، الظواهر الاجتماعية، الاردن

رابط: https://search.mandumah.com/Record/785835



•

..

.

.....

.....

.....



•

.

·

			:
1			1.1
11			2.1
12			3.1
12			4.1
13			5.1
21			7.1
			:
22			1.2
22	()	2.2
24			3.2
25			4.2
26			5.2
26			6.2
29			7.2
30			8.2
36			9 2

36	1.9.2
45	2.9.2
49	10.2
72	11.2
	:
73	1.3
73	2.3
73	3.3
74	4.3
76	5.3
78	6.3
79	7.3
81	8.3
81	8.3
	:
82	1.4
107	2.4
114	3.4
115	
125	

الصفحة	عنوانه		الرقم
77			.1
78			.2
79			.3
82			.4
82			.5
83			.6
84			.7
85			.8
86	•		.9
87	•		.10
88	•		.11
89	•		.12
90	•	(T.test)	.13
91	(One Way ANOVA)		.14

92		15
93	(One Way ANOVA)	.16
95		.17
95	•	.18
96	(One Way ANOVA)	.19
98	(One Way ANOVA)	.20
99		.21
100		.22

.

100							.23
101	(Ì)		٠		.24
102							.25
103				.(500 =)		.26
				.(500 =)			
104	()		,			.27
104)	,					.28
						.(
105	.()					.29
106	.()					.30
106	.()					.31

ز

:

2010

;) (

(

.()

(

0.01

ABSTRACT

Internet attendants' attitudes towards the relationship between internet addiction and the degree of social deviation: A field study on internet cafe's attendants in Jordan.

Wala` Abdelfattah Alsaraireh

Mu'tah University / 2010

This study aimed to identify the relationship between Internet addiction and social deviance from the perspectives of the individuals who attend Internet coffees in Jordan .The sample of the study consisted of (510) individuals who attend Internet coffees in Jordan distributed on Four provinces Through Jordan: (Amman, Zarqa, Irbid, and Alkarak) .For the purpose of the study a Six-dimension questionnaire (Internet addiction, aspersion, arrogation, penetration, espionage, and sexuality).

The Study obtained the following results: There were no statistical differences among the image of the people of the study towards the role of internet deviation on the forms of deviation such as aspersion, arrogation, penetration, espionage and sexuality which relate to gender and career variables.

There were also no significant statistical differences among the people of the study about the forms of deviation except the age factor. There were no statistical differences between the forms of deviation and the educational level except aspersion and arrogation. The study showed that there were no statistical differences between the forms of deviation and the social status except arrogation. In addition, there was a statistical relationship at the level of 0.01 between the hours of using internet weekly and the hours of daily free time and how this affected the daily life activities.

Finally, it appeared that there was appositive relationship between the hours of using internet and the forms of social deviation.